



Macomb County Community Health Assessment Kickoff



What is a Community Health Assessment?

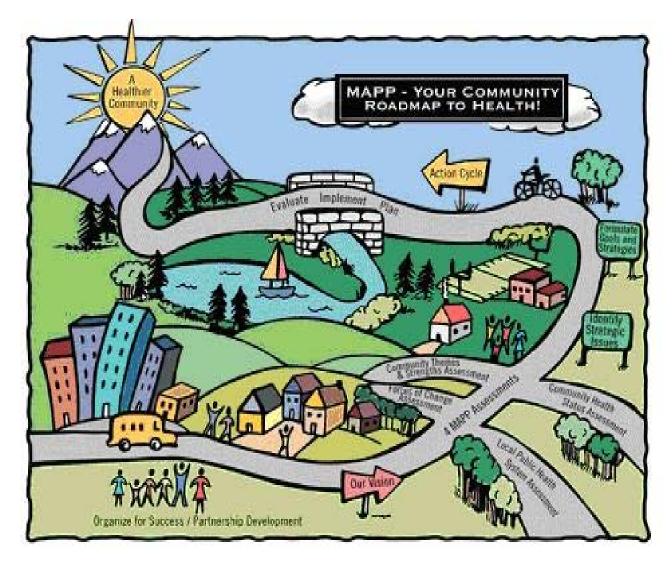
- A Community Health Assessment (CHA):
 - ✓ Uses quantitative and qualitative methods
 - ✓ Systematically collect and analyze data
 - ✓ Understand health within a specific community



Why Conduct a Community Health Assessment?

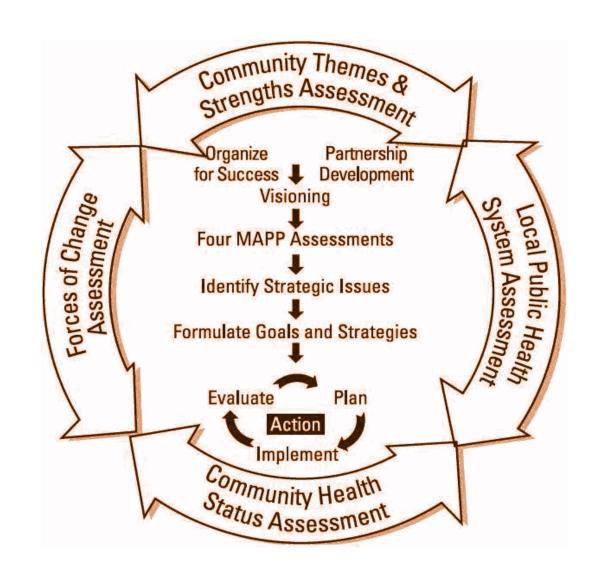
The ultimate goal is to develop strategies to:

- 1. Address community's health needs
- Better prioritize public health issues in Macomb County
- 3. Identify resources and implement strategies to address priority issues



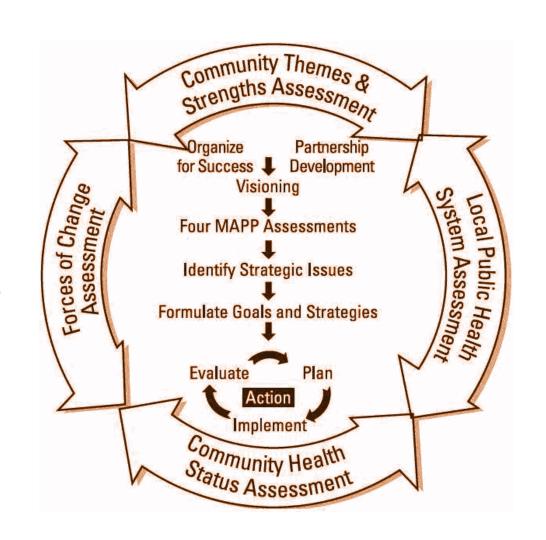
The Process

- There are many templates for performing a CHA
- Macomb County is using the Mobilizing for Action through Planning and Partnerships (MAPP) framework
- Developed by the National Association of County and City Health Officials (NACCHO)



The MAPP Process

- Community-driven strategic planning process
- Helps communities prioritize public health issues and identify resources to address them
- MAPP is an interactive process that improves local public health systems



Macomb County **Community** Health **Assessment Planning Process**

Stage 1 May 2015-August 2015

Organize for Success / Partnership Development

Kick Off Meeting / Visioning Process

Vision of Community Health Assessment

Stage 2 September 2015-May 2016

Assessment Teams

Community Health Status Assessment (CHSA) Community
Themes and
Strengths
Assessment (CTSA)

Local Public Health System Assessment (LPHSA)

Forces of Change Assessment (FoC)

Macomb County Community Health Assessment



Stage 3 June 2016-October 2016

November 2016-February 2017

Stage 4

Identify Issues and Formulate Goals and Strategies Take Action / Community Health Improvement Plan

The Macomb County Community Health Assessment models the Mobilizing for Action for Planning and Partnerships (MAPP) framework, a model developed by the National Association of County and City health Officials (NACCHO), for a planned approach to improve health and quality of life.

Timeline

Stage 1

- May 2015 August 2015
- Organizing for success
- Partnership development

Stage 2

- September 2015 May 2016
- Assessments
 - CTSA
 - CHSA
 - FOC
 - •LPHSA

Stage 1 May 2015-August 2015

Organize for Success / Partnership Development

Kick Off Meeting / Visioning Process

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Stage 2 September 2015-May 2016

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Timeline

Stage 3

- June 2016 October 2016
- Identify issues
- Formulate goals

Stage 4

- November 2016 February 2017
- Action planning
- Community Health Improvement Plan

Stage 3 June 2016-October 2016

Stage 4 November 2016-February 2017

Identify Issues and Formulate Goals and Strategies

Take Action / Community Health Improvement Plan

Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP)

• CHIP:

- ✓Long-term, systematic effort to address public health problems
- ✓Based on CHA results and improvement process
- Can be used by many groups in collaboration to set priorities and coordinate and target resources to support each organization's mission



Examples of CHA-CHIP Success

- Minneapolis Department of Health & Family Support, MN
 - √ Collecting better data
 - √ Collaboration between HD, Hospitals, providers to increase resource availability
 - ✓ Pilot projects linking patients to care sooner
- Cobb-Douglas Health District, GA
 - ✓ New partnerships and resources
 - √ PH added to strategic planning group for transportation
 - √ More organizations coming on board
 - √ Obesity focus and project development





Examples of CHA-CHIP Success

- Florida Department of Health in Seminole County, FL
 - √ Reduced health disparities
 - ✓ Identified gaps in the community
- Wichita County Public Health District, TX
 - ✓ Acquired better understanding of different programs and organizations region wide
 - ✓ Producing better, more effective work
 - √ Established new partnerships, collaborations and resources





Themes of CHA-CHIP Success

- New collaborations and partnerships
- Better understanding of what others do
- Policy changes
- Development of grant funded programs
- More data and resources
- Better work performance
- Improved communities



Why do we need your participation?

 Ensure the community receives announcements and updates through a broad spectrum of community mechanisms

√Media

√Word of mouth

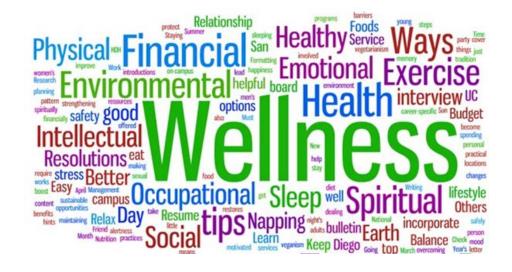
 Share information pertaining to assessment teams with organizations and community members



Your Role

- Active participant in Assessment Teams
- Identify issues, concerns, barriers in the community
- Identify community resources
- Help implement the final result: A Community Health Improvement Plan





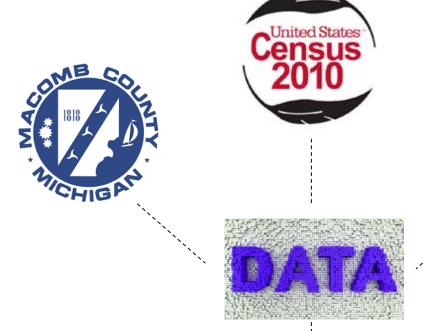
Community Health Status Assessment (CHSA)

Community Themes and Strengths Assessment (CTSA)

Forces of Change (FoC) Assessment

Local Public Health System Assessment (LPHSA)

- Community Health Status Assessment (CHSA)
 - Provides quantitative information on community health conditions
 - Data is collected from secondary sources such as
 - **√** US Census
 - √ Health Department
 - **✓** MDHHS
 - √ CDC
 - ✓ County Health Rankings





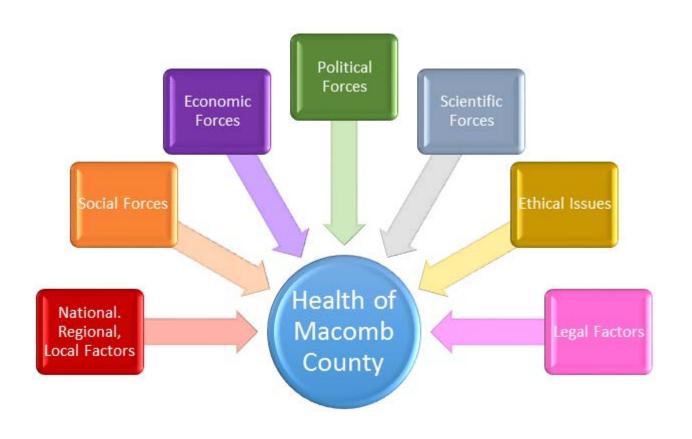


- Community Themes &
 Strengths Assessment (CTSA)
 - Identifies assets and issues that are important to community members
 - This assessment provides qualitative data by gathering
 - √ Thoughts
 - ✓ Opinions
 - ✓ Perceptions
 - Data is collected through two main forms: Surveys & Focus groups

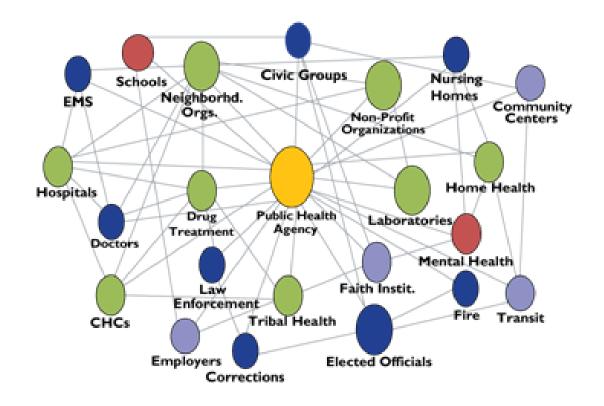




- Forces of Change Assessment (FoC)
 - Identifies forces that may affect a community
 - Types include:
 - √ Social
 - √ Economic
 - ✓ Political
 - √ Scientific
 - √ Ethical
 - √ Legal factors



- Local Public Health System Assessment (LPHSA)
 - Measures how well different local public health system partners work together to deliver the essential public health services



- Community Health Status
 - Have an interest in data
 - Have access to data
 - Examples:
 - √ Hospitals
 - √ Epidemiologists
 - ✓ Clinics
 - √ Universities
 - √ Human service organizations
 - ✓ Public policy organizations







- Community Themes & Strengths
 - Have relationships with community members and organizations
 - Can identify hard to reach populations
 - Examples:
 - √ Community organizations
 - √ Minority organizations
 - ✓ Schools
 - ✓ Nonprofits
 - √ Health clinics
 - √ Volunteers
 - √ Youth groups
 - √ Churches



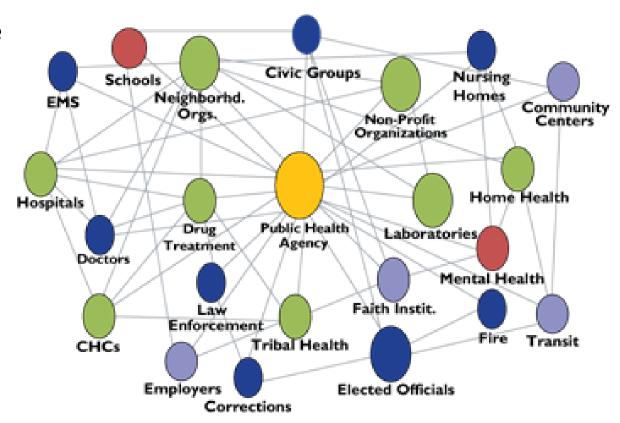
Forces of Change

- Individuals and organization who have knowledge about trends, events and factors that affect health
- Examples:
 - ✓ Elected officials
 - √ Agency directors
 - √ Business leaders
 - √ Grassroot organizations
 - ✓ Long standing residents
 - √ Community leaders



Local Public Health System

- Local health leaders that identify with the Essential Public Health Services
- Examples:
 - √ Epidemiologists
 - √ Health workers
 - ✓ State health organizations
 - √ Health educators
 - √ Schools
 - √ Community organizations
 - √ Elected officials
 - √ Health directors
 - √ Service providers



Next Up

Community
Visioning
Process

How do we make the impossible possible?



Community Visioning Process

 Determine a focus, purpose, and direction for the CHA process

 Create a shared vision and value statements for the process







Visioning Questions

- 1. What are the important characteristics of a healthy community?
- 3. Who is responsible for keeping Macomb County healthy?

2. What will a healthy Macomb County look like in 2025?

4. What community values promote a healthy community?

Circulate through Assessment Teams

 Meet with each assessment team table

Gain better understanding of process





Assessment Team Selection

 Please select assessment teams; provide contact information

 Regroup to wrap up the Kickoff Meeting



Wrap Up and Closing

Thank you!

 Assessment Team Leads will follow up with you via email to plan for your upcoming meetings

